STATE OF MINNESOTA Office of the State Auditor



Rebecca Otto State Auditor

MEEKER-MCLEOD-SIBLEY COMMUNITY HEALTH SERVICES HUTCHINSON, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 150 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 700 public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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Year Ended December 31, 2015



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota This page was left blank intentionally.

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Introductory Section

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ORGANIZATION 2015

Office	Name
Board Members	
McLeod County Commissioners	
Member	Doug Krueger
Member	Joe Nagel
Member	Sheldon Nies
Chair	Ron Shimanski
Member	Paul Wright
Meeker County Commissioners	
Member	Dale Fenrich
Member	Mike Housman
Member	Mike Huberty
Member	Bryan Larson
Vice Chair	Beth Oberg
Sibley County Commissioners	
Member	Joy Cohrs
Secretary	Bobbie Harder
Member	Gary Kruggel
Member	Bill Pinske
Member	Jim Swanson
Fiscal Officer	Cindy Schultz Ford
Management Team	
McLeod County Public Health Director	Jennifer Hauser
Meeker County Public Health Director	Diane Winter
Sibley County Public Health Director	Vicki Stock
Community Health Services Director	Allie Freidrichs

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Financial Section

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STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Community Health Board Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services Hutchinson, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Health Services' basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Health Services' preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose

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of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Services' internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the General Fund of Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1.E. to the financial statements, in 2015 the Health Services adopted new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, and GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues, which represents a change in accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Schedules

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' basic financial statements. The other schedules, including the Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) and the related notes to the SEFA, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 14, 2016, on our consideration of Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The SEFA is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional

procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the SEFA is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 14, 2016

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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EXHIBIT 1

GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION WITH ADJUSTMENTS TO CONVERT MODIFIED TO FULL ACCRUAL DECEMBER 31, 2015

	General Fund		Ac	ljustments	Governmental Activities		
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Current assets							
Cash and pooled investments	\$	148,340	\$	-	\$	148,340	
Due from other governments		498,241		-		498,241	
Noncurrent assets							
Capital assets							
Depreciable - net of accumulated depreciation				3,725		3,725	
Total Assets	\$	646,581	\$	3,725	\$	650,306	
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred pension outflows				11,194		11,194	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	646,581	\$	14,919	\$	661,500	
and Fund Balance/Net Position							
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	2,882	\$	-	\$	2,882	
Salaries payable		6,139		-		6,139	
Accrued payroll taxes		455		-		455	
Other accrued liabilities		524		-		524	
Due to other governments		404,089		-		404,089	
Compensated absences payable		-		2,256		2,256	
Noncurrent liabilities							
Compensated absences payable - long-term		-		1,062		1,062	
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)		-		2,460		2,460	
Net pension obligation		-		79,059		79,059	
Total Liabilities	\$	414,089	\$	84,837	\$	498,926	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue	\$	172,749	\$	(172,749)	\$	-	
Deferred pension inflows		-		5,888		5,888	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	172,749	\$	(166,861)	\$	5,888	

EXHIBIT 1 (Continued)

GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION WITH ADJUSTMENTS TO CONVERT MODIFIED TO FULL ACCRUAL DECEMBER 31, 2015

	General Fund		Adjustments			ernmental ctivities
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,</u> and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)						
Fund Balance						
Assigned for health programs	\$	59,743	\$	(59,743)	\$	-
Net Position						
Investment in capital assets			\$	3,725	\$	3,725
Unrestricted				152,961		152,961
Total Net Position			\$	156,686	\$	156,686
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,						
and Fund Balance/Net Position	\$	646,581	\$	14,919	\$	661,500
Reconciliation of the General Fund Balance to Net Position Fund Balance - General Fund					\$	59,743
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in govern are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in						3,725
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current per therefore, are deferred in the governmental fund.	iod expe	nditures and,				172,749
Deferred outflows resulting from pension obligations are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund.						11,194
Long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current pa are not reported in the governmental fund.	eriod and	l, therefore,				
Compensated absences payable OPEB			\$	(3,318) (2,460)		
Net pension obligation				(79,059)		(84,837)
Deferred inflows resulting from pension obligations are not du current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governm	-	-				(5,888)
Net Position - Governmental Activities					\$	156,686

EXHIBIT 2

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE AND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES WITH ADJUSTMENTS TO CONVERT MODIFIED TO FULL ACCRUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	 General Fund	Ad	ljustments	Governmental Activities	
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$ 1,761,605	\$	172,749	\$	1,934,354
Gifts and contributions Total Revenues	\$ 6,000 1,767,605	\$	- 172,749	\$	6,000 1,940,354
Expenditures/Expenses Health	 	. <u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Current Intergovernmental	\$ 327,629 1,523,402	\$	5,927 5,360	\$	333,556 1,528,762
Depreciation Total Expenditures/Expenses	\$ - 1,851,031	\$	2,054 13,341	\$	2,054 1,864,372
Net Change in Fund Balance/Net Position	\$ (83,426)	\$	159,408	\$	75,982
Fund Balance/Net Position - January 1, as restated (See Note 1.E.)	 143,169		(62,465)		80,704
Fund Balance/Net Position - December 31	\$ 59,743	\$	96,943	\$	156,686

EXHIBIT 2 (Continued)

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE AND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES WITH ADJUSTMENTS TO CONVERT MODIFIED TO FULL ACCRUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Reconciliation of the Statement of General Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities of Governmental		
Activities		
Net change in Fund Balance		\$ (83,426)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their		
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Current year depreciation		(2,054)
In the funds, under the modified accrual basis, receivables not available for		
expenditure are deferred. In the statement of activities, those revenues are		
recognized when earned. The adjustment to revenues is the increase or		
decrease in revenues deferred as unavailable.		167,750
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require		
the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported		
as expenditures in the governmental fund.		
Change in compensated absences payable	\$ (1.039)	
Change in OPEB	(2,460)	
Change in net pension obligation, as restated	(4,862)	
Change in deferred outflows of resources, as restated	7,961	
Change in deferred pension inflows	(5,888)	 (6,288)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 75,982

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for the year ended December 31, 2015. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Health Services are discussed below.

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

The Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Board was established pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 145A.09-145A.14 and a joint powers agreement as the Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Health Services Board effective April 1, 1980. This joint powers agreement was revised, effective April 19, 1990, and the Board was renamed the Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Board. The Community Health Board consists of 15 members, 5 each from Meeker, McLeod, and Sibley Counties. The primary function of the joint venture is to provide health services and to promote efficiency and economy in the delivery of health services.

McLeod County, in an agent capacity, reports the cash transactions of the Health Services as an agency fund on its annual financial statements.

The Health Services participates in a jointly-governed organization described in Note 7.

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u>

Basic financial statements include information on Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' activities as a whole and information on the General Fund of the Health Services. These separate presentations are reported in different columns on Exhibits 1 and 2. Each of the exhibits starts with a column of information based on activities of the General Fund and reconciles it to a column that reports the "governmental activities" of Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services as a whole.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

The governmental activities columns are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' net position is reported as an investment in capital assets and unrestricted net position. Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the expenses of Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services are offset by revenues.

The balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General Fund are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting and report current financial resources.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues recognized they both measurable and available. are as soon as are Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services considers all revenues as available if collected within 90 days after the end of the current period. Charges for services are considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they are matured.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Health Services' policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. <u>Due From/To Other Governments</u>

Due from/to other governments amounts represent receivables and payables related to grants from other federal, state, and local governments for the program administration.

2. Capital Assets

Capital assets and related depreciation are recorded in the governmental activities column in the statement of net position. Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Capital assets of Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services are depreciated using the straight-line method over an estimated five-year useful life.

3. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The liability for compensated absences reported in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated vacation, comp time, vested sick leave balances, and sick leave balances in excess of the maximum balance. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The current portion of compensated absences is based on percentages predetermined by management based on historical information.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)
 - 4. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. Currently, the Board has one item, deferred pension outflows, that qualifies for reporting in this category. These outflows arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and consist of pension plan contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date and also the differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services has two items that qualify for reporting in this category, unavailable revenue and deferred pension inflows. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental fund balance sheet and is recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The deferred pension inflows arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and consist of differences between expected and actual pension plan economic experience and also pension plan changes in proportionate share and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position.

5. <u>Classification of Net Position</u>

Net position in the government-wide statements is classified in the following categories:

<u>Investment in capital assets</u> - the amount of net position representing capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

5. <u>Classification of Net Position</u> (Continued)

<u>Unrestricted</u> - the amount of net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted.

6. <u>Classification of Fund Balance</u>

Fund balance is divided into classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Health Services is bound to observe restraints upon the use of resources in the General Fund.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Health Services Board or the McLeod County Auditor-Treasurer, who has been delegated that authority as fiscal agent by Board resolution.

7. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

The Health Services adopts estimated revenue and expenditure budgets for the General Fund on the modified accrual basis. The legal level of budgetary control is the function level. Appropriations lapse at year-end. The budgets may be amended or modified at any time by the Community Health Board.

8. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)
 - 9. <u>Pension Plan</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, except that PERA's fiscal year-end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates, and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Plan investments are reported at fair value.

E. Change in Accounting Principles

During the year ended December 31, 2015, Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services (MMS CHS) adopted new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of GASB Statements 68, 71, and 82. GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to employees through pension plans administered through trusts to record their proportionate share of the net pension obligation as a liability on their financial statements along with related deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense. This statement also requires additional note disclosures and schedules in the required supplementary information.

GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 68, addresses an issue regarding amounts associated with contributions made to a pension plan after the measurement date of the net pension liability.

GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues - an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 67, *No. 68, and No. 73*, modifies the measure of payroll that is presented in the required supplementary information schedules.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

E. <u>Change in Accounting Principles</u> (Continued)

GASB Statements 68, 71, and 82 require the MMS CHS to report its proportionate share of the PERA total employers' unfunded pension liability. As a result, beginning net position has been restated to record the MMS CHS's net pension liability and related deferred outflows of resources.

	Governmental Activities			
Net Position, January 1, 2015, as previously reported Change in accounting principles	\$	151,668 (70,964)		
Net Position, January 1, 2015, as restated	\$	80,704		

2. <u>Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability</u>

Expenditures in Excess of Budget

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the General Fund expenditures of \$1,851,031 exceeded the final budget of \$1,608,338 by \$242,693.

3. Detailed Notes

A. <u>Assets</u>

1. Deposits and Investments

Cash is on deposit with McLeod County. Cash transactions are administered by the McLeod County Auditor-Treasurer who is, according to Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04, authorized to deposit cash in financial institutions designated by the County Board. Minnesota statutes require that all County deposits be covered by insurance, surety bond, or collateral, a requirement with which the County was in compliance at December 31, 2015.

3. Detailed Notes

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

The types of securities available to the Health Services for investment are authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05.

Additional disclosures, as required by GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk and Disclosures*, which amends GASB Statement No. 3, *Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements*, are disclosed on an entity-wide basis in the McLeod County financial report.

2. <u>Receivables</u>

The Health Services did not have any receivables scheduled to be collected beyond one year as of December 31, 2015.

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015, was as follows:

	eginning Balance	Iı	ncrease	Dee	crease	Ending Balance
Capital assets depreciated Office equipment	\$ 10,269	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 10,269
Less: accumulated depreciation for Office equipment	 (4,490)		(2,054)			 (6,544)
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net	\$ 5,779	\$	(2,054)	\$	-	\$ 3,725

Depreciation expense of \$2,054 was charged to the Health Services' health function in 2015.

3. <u>Detailed Notes</u> (Continued)

B. Liabilities

1. <u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u>

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2015, was as follows:

	 ginning dance	Additions Reductions		Additions Reductions Balance				Due Within One Year		
Compensated absences	\$ 2,279	\$	1,039	\$	-	\$	3,318	\$	2,256	

2. Deferred Inflows of Resources - Unavailable Revenue

Deferred inflows of resources - unavailable revenue of \$172,749, consists of grants not collected soon enough after year-end to pay liabilities of the current period.

4 Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. <u>Plan Description</u>

All full-time and certain part-time employees of MMS CHS are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Fund, which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plan. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Fund members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan, for which benefits vest after five years of credited service.

4 <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can be modified only by the state legislature. Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. Benefit recipients receive a future annual 1.0 percent post-retirement benefit increase. If the funding ratio reaches 90 percent for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will revert to 2.5 percent. If, after reverting to a 2.5 percent benefit increase, the funding ratio declines to less than 80 percent for one year or less than 85 percent for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will decrease to 1.0 percent.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraph of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for General Employees Retirement Fund Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service.

For General Employees Retirement Fund members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90, and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66. Disability benefits are available for vested members and are based on years of service and average high-five salary.

4 <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

C. Contributions

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Rates for employer and employee contributions are set by Minn. Stat. ch. 353. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.10 percent and 6.50 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary in 2015.

In 2015, the MMS CHS was required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered salary:

General Employees Retirement Fund	
Basic Plan members	11.78%
Coordinated Plan members	7.50

The Coordinated Plan member and employer contribution rates each reflect a 0.25 percent increase from 2014.

The MMS CHS' contributions for the General Employees Retirement Fund for the year ended December 31, 2015, were \$7,115. The contributions are equal to the contractually required contributions as set by state statute.

D. <u>Pension Costs</u>

At December 31, 2015, the CHS reported a liability of \$79,059 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Retirement Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The CHS' proportion of the net pension liability was based on the CHS' contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2014, through June 30, 2015, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the CHS' proportion was 0.0015 percent. It was 0.0001 percent measured as of June 30, 2014. The CHS recognized pension expense of \$9,904 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Retirement Fund's pension expense.

4 Defined Benefit Pension Plans

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

The CHS reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Retirement Fund's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Out	eferred flows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual	¢		.		
economic experience	\$	-	\$	3,986	
Difference between projected and actual					
investment earnings		7,484		-	
Changes in proportion		-		1,902	
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to					
the measurement date		3,710			
Total	\$	11,194	\$	5,888	

A total of \$3,710 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	Ex	Pension Expense Amount	
2016 2017 2018	\$	(92) (92) (91)	
2019		1,872	

4 <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following additional actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.75 percent per year
Active member payroll growth	3.50 percent per year
Investment rate of return	7.90 percent

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants were based on RP-2000 tables for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments. The cost of living benefit increases for retirees was assumed to be 1.0 percent effective every January 1 through 2035, and 2.5 percent thereafter.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in the General Employees Retirement Fund was for the period July 1, 2004, through June 30, 2008, with an update of economic assumptions in 2014.

In 2015, an updated experience study was done for PERA's General Employees Retirement Fund for the six-year period ending June 30, 2014, which would result in a larger pension liability. However, PERA will not implement the changes in assumptions until its June 30, 2016, estimate of pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.9 percent. The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness of the long-term expected rate of return on a regular basis using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

4 Defined Benefit Pension Plans

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Asset Class Target Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Domestic stocks	45%	5.50%		
International stocks	15	6.00		
Bonds	18	1.45		
Alternative assets	20	6.40		
Cash	2	0.50		

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.9 percent. The discount rate did not change since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the CHS' proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the CHS' proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1.0 percentage point lower or 1.0 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.9%)		Discount Rate (7.9%)		1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.9%)	
Proportionate share of the General Employees Retirement Fund net pension liability	\$	124,309	\$	79,059	\$	41,690

4 <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling (651) 296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

5. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

A. <u>Plan Description</u>

The Community Health Services provides a defined benefit health care plan to eligible retirees and their spouses through McLeod County as the Community Health Services' employees are employed through McLeod County. Prior to 2015, the liability associated with the Community Health Services' employees was recorded with McLeod County. Beginning in 2015, the liability is recorded for the Community Health Services. The health care plan offers medical, dental, and life coverage. Medical coverage is administered by Medica. Dental coverage is administered through the Midwest Dental Plan. Minnesota Life is the life insurance provider.

The County is self-insured for medical coverage. Retirees pay 100 percent of the blended active/retiree premium rate, in accordance with Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b. It is the County's policy to periodically review its medical, dental, and life insurance coverage in order to provide the most favorable benefits and premiums for the employees and retirees.

B. Funding Policy

Retirees and their spouses contribute to the health care plan at the same rate as Community Health Services' employees. This results in the retirees receiving an implicit rate subsidy. Contribution requirements are established by the Community Health Services based on contract terms with Medica, Midwest Dental, and Minnesota Life. The required contributions are based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2015, the Community Health Services contributed \$150 to the plan. As of January 1, 2014, there were two retirees receiving health benefits from the County's health plan.

5. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Community Health Services' annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the Community Health Services, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Community Health Services' annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Community Health Services' net OPEB obligation to the plan.

ARC Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	\$ 2,651 83 (124)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	\$ 2,610 (150)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 2,460
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$ 2,460

The Community Health Services' annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 were as follows:

Fiscal	Aı	nnual	OPEB Cost	Ne	let OPEB	
Year Ended	OPE	B Cost	Contributed	Ob	ligation	
December 31, 2015	\$	524	28.59%	\$	2,460	

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Community Health Services' had no assets deposited to fund the plan. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$3,795, and the actuarial value of assets was zero, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$3,795. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$30,732, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 12.35 percent.

5. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the ARC of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

For January 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 percent discount rate, which is based on the investment yield expected to finance benefits. The Community Health Services currently does not plan to prefund for this benefit. At the actuarial valuation date, the annual health care cost trend rate was calculated to be 7.5 percent initially, reduced incrementally to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent.

6. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

A. Risk Management

Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; or natural disasters. The Health Services has entered into a joint powers agreement with Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust (MCIT) to cover its property and casualty liabilities. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance for any of the past three years.

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining, and the Health Services pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. The MCIT carries reinsurance for it property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the Health Services in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

B. <u>Claims and Litigation</u>

Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services, in connection with the normal conduct of its affairs, is involved in various claims, judgments, and litigation. The Health Services' attorney estimates that the potential claims against the Health Services resulting from litigation not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial statements of the Health Services.

7. Jointly-Governed Organization

Minnesota Counties Computer Cooperative

Under Minnesota Joint Powers Law, Minn. Stat. § 471.59, Minnesota counties have created the Minnesota Counties Computer Cooperative (MCCC) to jointly provide for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of data processing systems, facilities, and management information systems. Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services entered into a joint powers agreement with MCCC during 2015. During the year, Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services contributed \$1,400 in funding to MCCC in addition to payments for services provided.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

EXHIBIT A-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	 Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	1,361,396	\$	1,602,338	\$ 1,761,605	\$	159,267	
Gifts and contributions		6,000		6,000	 6,000		-	
Total Revenues	\$	1,367,396	\$	1,608,338	\$ 1,767,605	\$	159,267	
Expenditures								
Health								
Community Health Services Grant	\$	284,858	\$	284,727	\$ 276,009	\$	8,718	
Healthy Homes		-		40,000	37,984		2,016	
Early Hearing Detection and Intervention		3,000		3,000	1,150		1,850	
Women, Infants, and Children		312,444		312,444	398,456		(86,012)	
Maternal and Child Health Services								
Block Grant		80,967		88,552	61,494		27,058	
Family Planning Special Projects		49,300		79,837	71,959		7,878	
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment								
of Substance Abuse		160,000		160,000	163,032		(3,032)	
Immunization Grants		3,000		3,000	5,440		(2,440)	
Healthy Communities Activities		6,000		6,000	540		5,460	
Home Visiting Temporary Assistance								
for Needy Families		95,011		95,011	70,175		24,836	
Special Education - Grants for Infants								
and Families		-		9,154	6,905		2,249	
Child and Teen Checkups		177,020		177,020	185,133		(8,113)	
Public Health Emergency Preparedness								
Grants		59,202		84,000	94,943		(10,943)	
MIECHV Grants		-		-	212,173		(212,173)	
Statewide Health Improvement Program		136,594		265,593	 265,638		(45)	
Total Expenditures	\$	1,367,396	\$	1,608,338	\$ 1,851,031	\$	(242,693)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (83,426)	\$	(83,426)	
Fund Balance - January 1		143,169		143,169	 143,169		-	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	143,169	\$	143,169	\$ 59,743	\$	(83,426)	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

EXHIBIT A-2

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS DECEMBER 31, 2015

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actua Valu Ass (a	e of ets	Α	ctuarial ccrued iability (b)	A A L (I	nfunded ctuarial .ccrued iability UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b - a)/c)	
January 1, 2014	\$	-	\$	3,795	\$	3,795	0.00%	\$ 30,732	12.35%	

The most recent actuarial valuation date was January 1, 2014.

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

EXHIBIT A-3

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND DECEMBER 31, 2015

					Employer's	
		Eı	nployer's		Proportionate	
	Employer's	Pro	portionate		Share of the	
	Proportion	Sh	are of the		Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary
	of the Net	Ne	t Pension		Liability (Asset)	Net Position
	Pension	Ι	Liability	Covered	as a Percentage of	as a Percentage
Measurement	Liability		(Asset)	Payroll	Covered Payroll	of the Total
Date	(Asset)		(a)	 (b)	(a/b)	Pension Liability
2015	0.0015%	\$	79,059	\$ 90,395	87.46%	78.19%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

MEEKER-MCLEOD-SIBLEY COMMUNITY HEALTH SERVICES HUTCHINSON, MINNESOTA

EXHIBIT A-4

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND DECEMBER 31, 2015

			Con	Actual tributions elation to				Actual Contributions
Year Ending	R	atutorily equired tributions (a)	R	ntutorily equired tributions (b)	(De	ntribution eficiency) Excess (b-a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2015	\$	7,115	\$	7,115	\$	-	\$ 94,867	7.50%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The Community Health Services' year-end is December 31.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

1. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services adopts estimated revenue and expenditure budgets for the General Fund on the modified accrual basis. The legal level of budgetary control is the function level. Appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year-end. The budgets may be amended or modified at any time by the Community Health Board.

2. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

In the General Fund, the expenditures exceeded appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2015, by \$242,693.

OTHER SCHEDULES

EXHIBIT B-1

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Grants		
State		
Minnesota Department of	<i>ф</i>	(- (- ()
Health	\$	676,164
Reimbursement for Services		
State - Minnesota Department of Human Services	\$	126,843
Federal		
U.S. Department of Agriculture		
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)	\$	391,668
U.S. Department of Education		
Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families	\$	7,477
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	\$	114,475
TANF Home Visiting (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families)		47,506
Immunization Cooperative Agreements		5,440
Universal Newborn Hearing Screening		550
PHEP Grants (Public Health Emergency Preparedness)		95,049
MIECHV Grants (Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood		
Home Visiting)		212,173
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant (MCH)		84,260
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	\$	559,453
Total federal	\$	958,598
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	1,761,605

EXHIBIT B-2

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Grant Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grant Numbers	Expenditures		Passed Through to Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of Agriculture						
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health						
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for						
Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	Not Provided	\$	391,668	\$	324,275
U.S. Department of Education						
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health						
Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families	84.181	Not Provided	\$	7,477	\$	7,477
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services						
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health						
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	Not Provided	\$	95,049	\$	94,943
Universal Newborn Hearing Screening	93.251	Not Provided		550		550
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268	Not Provided		5,440		5,440
Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and						
Early Childhood Home Visiting Program	93.505	Not Provided		212,173		212,173
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	Not Provided		111,969		83,875
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant						
to the States	93.994	Not Provided		84,260		61,493
Passed Through Minnesota Department of						
Human Services						
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of						
Substance Abuse	93.959	14B1MNSAPT		164,475		105,063
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			\$	673,916	\$	563,537
Total Federal Awards			\$	1,073,061	\$	895,289

The notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

1. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activities of federal award programs expended by Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services. The Health Services' reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements.

2. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2015. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services.

3. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments*, or the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services has elected to not use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. <u>Reconciliation to Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue</u>

Federal grant revenue per Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue Grants received more than 60 days after year-end, unavailable in 2015	\$ 958,598
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	 64,463 50,000
Expenditures Per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 1,073,061

Management and Compliance Section

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles: **Unmodified**

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weaknesses identified? No
- Significant deficiencies identified? None reported

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weaknesses identified? **Yes**
- Significant deficiencies identified? None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified for all major programs, except Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program, which is qualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Yes

The major federal programs are:

Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women,	
Infants, and Children	CFDA No. 10.557
Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early	
Childhood Home Visiting Program	CFDA No. 93.505

The threshold for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$750,000.

Meeker-McLeod-Sibley-Community Health Services qualified as a low-risk auditee? No

II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INTERNAL CONTROL

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM RESOLVED

Audit Adjustment 2014-001

During our previous audit, we proposed a material audit adjustment to properly present cash and due to other governments at December 31, 2015. Cash and pooled investments and due to other governments were increased by \$153,083 in the General Fund.

Resolution

No material audit adjustments were necessary in order for Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' financial statements to be fairly presented for the year ended December 31, 2015.

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

ITEM ARISING THIS YEAR

Finding 2015-001

Subrecipient Monitoring

Program: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program (CFDA #93.505), Award # Not provided, 2012

Pass-Through Agency: Minnesota Department of Health

Criteria: Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* § 200.303 states that the auditee must establish and maintain effective internal control over the federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the auditee is managing the federal award in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal award. In addition, Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services (CHS) was required to comply with the provisions for Subrecipient Monitoring in Part 3 of the 2015 OMB *Compliance Supplement*, including monitoring the activities to provide reasonable assurance that the subrecipient administers the federal award in compliance with federal requirements.

Condition: Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services did not perform monitoring procedures over the subrecipient who received all of the grant funds.

Questioned Costs: None.

Context: Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services has a grant agreement with the Minnesota Department of Health for the administration of this grant; requirements of this grant agreement specifically mention performance by CHS' subrecipient.

Effect: Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services is not meeting federal regulations pertaining to subrecipient monitoring. Also, without performing monitoring procedures, CHS cannot be assured that its subrecipient is in compliance with federal regulations over the federal award.

Cause: Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services was not involved in the grant process after signing the grant agreement; the state and the subrecipient were interacting directly.

Recommendation: We recommend Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services review their grant agreements and subrecipient monitoring procedures and perform monitoring of all subrecipients to ensure compliance with all applicable requirements.

Corrective Action Plan:

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Allie Freidrichs, Community Health

Corrective Action Planned:

The Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Service (CHS) Administrator will conduct subrecipient monitoring on all pass-through grants. The Supporting Hands Nurse Family Partnership Joint Powers Board has elected to have Renville County, Minnesota, serve as the fiscal host as of January 1, 2016. The contract and all monies will now be through Renville County. MMS CHS no longer has financial responsibility for Supporting Hands Nurse Family Partnership. If CHS would still be responsible, the CHS Administrator would have established a process for subrecipient monitoring similar to the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children subrecipient process.

Anticipated Completion Date:

January 1, 2016



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Community Health Board Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services Hutchinson, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Health Services' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 14, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Services' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Services of the Health Services' internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Health Services' financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

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A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Other Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, contains six categories of compliance to be tested in connection with the audit of the Health Services' financial statements: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories, except that we did not test for compliance with the provisions for deposits and investments and claims and disbursements because these categories were tested in conjunction with the McLeod County audit; McLeod County is the fiscal agent. We also did not test for contracting and bidding and tax increment financing because these categories did not apply to Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Other Political Subdivisions*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Health Services' noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting, compliance, and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Other Political Subdivisions* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Services' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Health Services' internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 14, 2016



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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Community Health Board Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services Hutchinson, Minnesota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Health Services' major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2015. Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on

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a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Health Services' compliance with those requirements.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program (CFDA No. 93.505)

As described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services did not comply with the requirements regarding CFDA No. 93.505, Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program, as described in finding number 2015-001 for Subrecipient Monitoring. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the Health Services to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Qualified Opinion on Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program (CFDA No. 93.505)

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program, for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Unmodified Opinion on the Other Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its other major federal program identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as a Corrective Action Plan. Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' response has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Health Services' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements

that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Services' internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2015-001 to be a material weakness.

Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as a Corrective Action Plan. Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services' response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Rebecca Otto

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR /s/Greg Hierlinger

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 14, 2016