STATE OF MINNESOTA

Office of the State Auditor



Rebecca Otto State Auditor

HORIZON COMMUNITY HEALTH BOARD GLENWOOD, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 150 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 700 public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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Year Ended December 31, 2014



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota



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ORGANIZATION DECEMBER 31, 2014

Community Health Board	Position	Entity
Commissioner Representatives		
Bey Bales	Member	Douglas County
Jerry Johnson	Member	Douglas County
Larry Kittelson	Member	Pope County
Larry Lindor	Chair	Pope County
Jeanne Ennen	Vice Chair	Stevens County
Dave Salberg	Member	Traverse County
Todd Schneeberger	Member	Grant County
Ron Woltjer	Member	STG Joint Powers
Community Representatives		
Dennis Thompson	Member	Douglas County
Jeanne Olson	Member	Pope County
Deb Hengel	Member	STG Joint Powers
Administrator - Administration and		
Finance		
Sharon Braaten, Pope County		
Public Health		
Administrator - Performance		
Improvement and Planning		
Sandra Tubbs, Douglas County		
Public Health		







STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Public Health Board Horizon Public Health Alexandria, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of Horizon Community Health Board (Horizon) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Horizon's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to Horizon's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design

audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Horizon's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the General Fund of Horizon Community Health Board as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison of the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Horizon Community Health Board's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 23, 2015, on our consideration of Horizon Community Health Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Horizon Community Health Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the SEFA is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 23, 2015







MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Unaudited)

INTRODUCTION

Horizon Community Health Board's (Horizon) Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of Horizon's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. Since this information is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

Horizon is a joint powers governmental operation of Douglas, Grant, Pope, Stevens, and Traverse Counties, created with the intention to establish and maintain an integrated and cooperative system of community health services under local administration and within a system of state guidelines and standards, for the mutual benefit of the joint participants. Horizon serves as the conduit to distribute grants received by other governments to the public health programs of the counties in the joint powers.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements. Horizon's basic financial statements consist of two statements that combine government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements, a budgetary comparison statement, and notes to the financial statements. The MD&A (this section) is required to accompany the basic financial statements and, therefore, is included as required supplementary information.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position

	 2014	 2013	_	ncrease Decrease)	Percent Change (%)
Assets Current and other assets	\$ 382,913	\$ 386,457	\$	(3,544)	(0.9)
Liabilities Current liabilities	 321,451	 304,587		16,864	5.5
Net Position Unrestricted	\$ 61,462	\$ 81,870	\$	(20,408)	(24.9)

Changes in Net Position

	 2014	 2013	Increase Decrease)	Percent Change (%)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,692,474	\$ 1,586,466	\$ 106,008	6.7
Charges for services	-	7,333	(7,333)	(100.0)
Gifts and contributions	51,050	61,281	(10,231)	(16.7)
Miscellaneous	 433	 754	 (321)	(42.6)
Total Revenues	\$ 1,743,957	\$ 1,655,834	\$ 88,123	5.3
Expenses				
Health				
Current	\$ 91,823	\$ 80,347	\$ 11,476	14.3
Intergovernmental	 1,672,542	 1,541,211	 131,331	8.5
Total Expenses	\$ 1,764,365	\$ 1,621,558	\$ 142,807	8.8
Change in Net Position	\$ (20,408)	\$ 34,276	\$ (54,684)	(159.5)

Budgetary Highlights

Horizon's Board did not make any budgetary amendments/revisions in 2014.

Actual revenues were more than budgeted revenues by \$63,421; expenditures were also higher than budgeted. Factors contributing included grant changes and variations of grant revenues for grants that span more than one calendar year along with increased expenses related to the transition to Horizon Public Health.

The decrease in total net position is due to excess expenditures over revenues. Net position decreased by \$20,408. Horizon budgets only grants that are known to be funded at the time the budget is developed. Revenues came in higher than expected (budgeted) due to variations in grant revenues budgeted during the budget cycle and grant revenues actually received during the year.

The counties that comprise Horizon Community Health Board had been exploring the potential integration of the three existing Public Health departments (Douglas County Public Health, Pope County Public Health, and Stevens Traverse Grant Public Health) into one Public Health department, Horizon Public Health. During the month of September 2014, each of the five County Boards passed a resolution entering into a new joint powers agreement, effectively creating a new joint powers entity, Horizon Public Health, effective January 1, 2015. Horizon Community Health Board approved preparatory transition items, resulting in increased expenditures. This resulted in increased expenditures over revenues.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

Effective January 1, 2015, Horizon Public Health will be an integrated stand-alone Public Health department and Public Health Board. In 2015, Horizon Public Health will not utilize a member county as a fiscal agent. The funding for Horizon Public Health for 2015 will include dollars from fees for services from third-party payers, county tax contribution, and state and federal grant dollars. The year-to-year uncertainty of these funds, particularly the state and federal grant dollars, creates planning challenges. Horizon Public Health will continue to focus on efficiency and effectiveness in service delivery to provide for meeting the needs of the population served within the allocated resources.

CONTACTING HORIZON'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of Horizon's finances and to show Horizon's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Horizon Public Health's Administrator, Sandy Tubbs, 809 Elm Street, Suite 1200, Alexandria, Minnesota 56308.







EXHIBIT 1

GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

	General Fund Reconciliati		onciliation	Governmenta Activities		
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable Due from other governments	\$	97,801 21,378 263,734	\$	- - -	\$	97,801 21,378 263,734
Total Assets	\$	382,913	\$		\$	382,913
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,</u> and Fund Balance/Net Position						
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other governments Unearned revenue	\$	9,576 301,659 10,216	\$	- - -	\$	9,576 301,659 10,216
Total Liabilities	\$	321,451	\$		\$	321,451
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue	\$	43,125	\$	(43,125)		
Fund Balance Unassigned	\$	18,337	\$	(18,337)		
Net Position Unrestricted			\$	61,462		61,462
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance/Net Position	\$	382,913	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	382,913
Reconciliation of the General Fund Balance to Net Posi Fund Balance - General Fund	ition				\$	18,337
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for curren therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in						43,125
Net Position - Governmental Activities					\$	61,462

EXHIBIT 2

GENERAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE AND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	General Fund Reconciliation			Governmental Activities		
Revenues						
Intergovernmental						
Reimbursement for services	\$	70,212	\$	_	\$	70,212
State	Ψ	953,580	Ψ	30,496	Ψ	984,076
Federal		638,186		50,150		638,186
Gifts and contributions		51,050		_		51,050
Miscellaneous		433		_		433
Total Revenues	\$	1,713,461	\$	30,496	\$	1,743,957
Expenditures/Expenses						
Current						
General administration	\$	91,823	\$	-	\$	91,823
Intergovernmental						
General administration	\$	47,516	\$	-	\$	47,516
Community Health Services Subsidy		270,159		-		270,159
Maternal and Child Health		67,320		-		67,320
Preconception Health		33,374		-		33,374
Women, Infants, and Children Food Program		328,289		-		328,289
TANF Family Home Visiting Grant		86,656		-		86,656
Statewide Health Improvement Program		242,495		-		242,495
Public Health Emergency Preparedness		90,465		-		90,465
Immunization Cooperative Agreements		5,650		-		5,650
Special Education Grants for Infants and Families		11,442		-		11,442
Early Detection and Intervention and Birth Defects						
Information System (State Portion)		4,150		-		4,150
Early Detection and Intervention and Birth Defects						
Information System (Federal Portion)		150		-		150
Universal Newborn Hearing Screening		300		-		300
Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information						
System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Program		75		-		75
Family Planning Special Projects (State Portion)		107,301		-		107,301
Family Planning Special Projects (Federal Portion)		25,169		-		25,169
Child and Teen Check-Ups		135,073		-		135,073
Tobacco Free Communities		209,565		-		209,565
Toward Zero Deaths		7,069		-		7,069
Robert Wood Johnson Foundation		324				324
Total intergovernmental	\$	1,672,542	\$		\$	1,672,542
Total Expenditures/Expenses	\$	1,764,365	\$		\$	1,764,365
Net Change in Fund Balance/Net Position	\$	(50,904)	\$	30,496	\$	(20,408)
Fund Balance/Net Position - January 1		69,241		12,629		81,870
Fund Balance/Net Position - December 31	\$	18,337	\$	43,125	\$	61,462

EXHIBIT 2 (Continued)

GENERAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE AND GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Reconciliation of the General Fund's Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities Net Change in Fund Balance - General Fund	\$ (50,904)
In the fund, under the modified accrual basis, receivables not available for expenditure are deferred. In the statement of activities, those revenues are recognized when earned. The adjustment to revenues between the General Fund and the statement of activities is	
the change in unavailable revenue.	 30,496
Net Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (20,408)

EXHIBIT 3

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Revenues Sample Sample		
Intergovernmental \$ 1,612,334 \$ 1,612,334 \$ 1,661,978 \$ 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Final Budget	
Intergovernmental \$ 1,612,334 \$ 1,612,334 \$ 1,661,978 \$ 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6		
Gifts and contributions 37,706 37,706 51,050 1 Miscellaneous - - - 433 - Total Revenues \$ 1,650,040 \$ 1,650,040 \$ 1,713,461 \$ 6 Expenditures Current General administration Administrative services and charges \$ 33,000 \$ 33,000 \$ 33,106 \$ Other general government 10,000 10,000 58,717 (4 Total current \$ 43,000 \$ 43,000 \$ 91,823 \$ (4 Intergovernmental \$ 27,708 27,708 47,516 \$ (1 Community Health Services Subsidy 270,159 270,159 270,159 Maternal and Child Health 71,920 71,920 67,320	0.644	
Total Revenues	9,644	
Total Revenues	3,344	
Expenditures Current General administration Administrative services and charges \$ 33,000 \$ 33,000 \$ 33,106 \$ 000 Other general government 10,000 10,000 58,717 (400) Total current \$ 43,000 \$ 43,000 \$ 91,823 \$ 000 Intergovernmental Seneral administration \$ 27,708 \$ 27,708 \$ 47,516 \$ 000 Community Health Services Subsidy 270,159 270,159 270,159 270,159 Maternal and Child Health 71,920 71,920 67,320	433	
Current General administration \$ 33,000 \$ 33,000 \$ 33,106 \$ \$ 33,000 \$ 58,717 \$ (4 Other general government 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 58,717 \$ (4 Total current \$ 43,000 \$ 43,000 \$ 91,823 \$ (4 Intergovernmental \$ 27,708 \$ 27,708 \$ 47,516 \$ (1 Community Health Services Subsidy 270,159 270,159 270,159 270,159 Maternal and Child Health 71,920 71,920 67,320	3,421	
General administration Administrative services and charges \$ 33,000 \$ 33,000 \$ 33,106 \$ 24,000 \$ 33,000 \$ 33,106 \$ 24,000 \$ 25,717 \$ 24,000 \$ 27,708 \$ 27,708 \$ 27,708 \$ 27,0159 \$ 270,159		
Administrative services and charges \$ 33,000 \$ 33,000 \$ 33,106 \$ 43,000 \$ 58,717 (4) Total current \$ 43,000 \$ 43,000 \$ 91,823 \$ (4) Intergovernmental General administration \$ 27,708 \$ 27,708 \$ 47,516 \$ (1) Community Health Services Subsidy Maternal and Child Health 71,920 71,920 67,320		
Other general government 10,000 10,000 58,717 (4 Total current \$ 43,000 \$ 43,000 \$ 91,823 \$ (4 Intergovernmental Seneral administration \$ 27,708 \$ 27,708 \$ 47,516 \$ (1 Community Health Services Subsidy 270,159 270,159 270,159 270,159 Maternal and Child Health 71,920 71,920 67,320	(100)	
Total current \$ 43,000 \$ 43,000 \$ 91,823 \$ (4) Intergovernmental General administration \$ 27,708 \$ 27,708 \$ 47,516 \$ (1) Community Health Services Subsidy 270,159 270,159 270,159 270,159 Maternal and Child Health 71,920 71,920 67,320	(106)	
Intergovernmental \$ 27,708 \$ 27,708 \$ 47,516 \$ (1 Community Health Services Subsidy 270,159 270,159 270,159 Maternal and Child Health 71,920 71,920 67,320	8,717)	
General administration \$ 27,708 \$ 27,708 \$ 47,516 \$ (1 Community Health Services Subsidy 270,159 270,159 270,159 Maternal and Child Health 71,920 71,920 67,320	8,823)	
General administration \$ 27,708 \$ 27,708 \$ 47,516 \$ (1 Community Health Services Subsidy 270,159 270,159 270,159 Maternal and Child Health 71,920 71,920 67,320		
Maternal and Child Health 71,920 71,920 67,320	9,808)	
Maternal and Child Health 71,920 71,920 67,320	-	
Preconception Health 50,058 50,058 33,374 1	4,600	
	6,684	
Women, Infants, and Children Food Program 278,562 278,562 328,289 (4	9,727)	
	0,938	
	3,271	
Public Health Emergency Preparedness 90,338 90,338 90,465	(127)	
	5,650)	
Special Education Grants for Infants and Families 11,442 (1	1,442)	
Early Detection and Intervention and Birth		
Defects Information System (State Portion) - 4,150	4,150)	
Early Detection and Intervention and Birth		
Defects Information System (Federal Portion) 150	(150)	
Universal Newborn Hearing Screening 300	(300)	
Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information		
System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Program 75	(75)	
Family Planning Special Projects (State Portion) 113,868 113,868 107,301	6,567	
Family Planning Special Projects (Federal Portion) 26,710 26,710 25,169	1,541	
Child and Teen Check-Ups 143,813 143,813 135,073	8,740	
Tobacco Free Communities 145,920 145,920 209,565 (6	3,645)	
	7,069)	
Robert Wood Johnson Foundation 35,024 35,024 324 3	4,700	
Total intergovernmental <u>\$ 1,607,440</u> <u>\$ 1,607,440</u> <u>\$ 1,672,542</u> <u>\$ (6</u>	5,102)	
Total Expenditures \$ 1,650,440 \$ 1,650,440 \$ 1,764,365 \$ (11	3,925)	
Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (400) \$ (50,904) \$ (5	0,504)	
Fund Balance - January 1 69,241 69,241 69,241		
Fund Balance - December 31 <u>\$ 68,841</u> <u>\$ 68,841</u> <u>\$ 18,337</u> <u>\$ (5</u>	0,504)	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Horizon Community Health Board's (Horizon) financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for the year ended December 31, 2014. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by Horizon are discussed below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Mid-State Community Health Services (CHS) was originally established January 1, 1983, by a joint powers agreement among Grant, Pope, Stevens, and Traverse Counties. Mid-State CHS was dissolved on December 31, 2010, a new joint powers agreement was formed, and Douglas County was added as a fifth county partner effective January 1, 2011. As a result, the name was changed from Mid-State CHS to Horizon Community Health Board on January 1, 2011. This had no effect on Horizon's tax identification or filing obligations with the U.S. Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service or the Minnesota Secretary of State. The agreement was established to secure more efficient health care services for the mutual benefit of each of the joint participants. The joint powers agreement remains in force until any single county notifies the State Board of Health and the other parties of its intentions to withdraw, at least one year before the beginning of the calendar year in which it takes effect.

Control is vested in Horizon's Board, which consists of 11 members composed of 8 County Commissioners and 3 community representatives. Each member of the Board is appointed by the County Commissioners of the county they represent. Members of the Board serve an annual term, with no more than three consecutive terms.

The financial activities of Horizon are accounted for in an agency fund by Pope County. The individuals who administer the activities of Horizon are considered to be employees of Pope County Public Health.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Horizon is a joint venture independent of the counties that formed it. Each county has an ongoing responsibility to provide funding for the operating costs of the Board. The funding is allocated in accordance with the actual expenses incurred by representatives of the respective counties on the Board. In addition, administrative operating costs are allocated proportionately, with total subsidy funds available to each member county.

B. Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements display information about Horizon's activities as a whole and information on the individual fund. These separate presentations are reported in different columns on Exhibits 1 and 2. Each exhibit starts with a column of information based on activities of the General Fund and reconciles it to a column that reports the governmental activities of Horizon as a whole.

The governmental activities statement of net position column is reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Horizon's net position is reported as unrestricted net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the expenses of Horizon are offset by revenues.

Horizon reports one governmental fund. The General Fund is Horizon's primary operating fund and accounts for all financial resources of the organization.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The governmental activities financial statement columns are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental funds financial statement columns (the General Fund) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Horizon considers all revenues to be available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

C. <u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting</u> (Continued)

is incurred, except for claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is Horizon's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

Intra-fund transactions have not been eliminated in the financial statements. Eliminations have not been presented so that expenditures for each of the grants are reported in their entirety.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Assets

Due From/To Other Governments

Amounts represent receivables and payables related to grants from federal, state, and local governments for program administration.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities statement of net position. Horizon has adopted Pope County's capitalization policy, which defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Currently, Horizon has no capital assets that meet the threshold for capitalization.

2. <u>Liabilities and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

2. <u>Liabilities and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> (Continued)

of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental funds or governmental activities financial statements in the current year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Horizon has only one type of item which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category.

Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the General Fund balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Horizon's General Fund and the governmental activities statement of net position report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

3. Classification of Net Position

Net position in the governmental activities statement of net position is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> - the amount of net position representing capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u> - the amount of net position for which external restrictions have been imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

3. Classification of Net Position (Continued)

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> - the amount of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

4. Classification of Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which Horizon is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the General Fund. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts subject to external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of Horizon. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless Horizon removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit these amounts.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts Horizon intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as "restricted" or "committed."

<u>Unassigned</u> - the residual classification for the General Fund which includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other fund balance classifications.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

4. <u>Classification of Fund Balances</u> (Continued)

Horizon applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

At December 31, 2014, the General Fund had \$18,337 in unassigned fund balance.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The General Fund had expenditures in excess of budget for the year ended December 31, 2014, as follows:

	E	xpenditures	Fi	nal Budget	 Excess
General Fund	\$	1,764,365	\$	1,650,440	\$ 113,925

3. Detailed Notes

A. Assets

Cash Deposits

As of December 31, 2014, Horizon had \$97,801 on deposit with Pope County. Cash transactions are administered by the Pope County Auditor/Treasurer, who is authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 to deposit cash in financial institutions designated by the County Board. All funds of Pope County are pooled.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. Minnesota statutes require that all county deposits be covered by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. As of December 31, 2014, Pope County's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

3. <u>Detailed Notes</u>

A. Assets (Continued)

Receivables

Receivables as of December 31, 2014, are as follows:

Accounts	\$ 21,378
Due from other governments	 263,734
Total	\$ 285,112

Horizon had no receivables scheduled to be collected beyond one year.

B. <u>Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

Unearned Revenues/Deferred Inflows of Resources

Unearned revenues consists of state and federal grants received but not yet earned. Deferred inflows of resources consists of state and federal grant receivables that are not collected soon enough after year-end to pay liabilities of the current period. Unearned revenues and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2014, are summarized below:

	Gen	eral Fund
Liability		
Unearned revenue	\$	10,216
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable revenue		43,125
Total	\$	53,341

4. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

A. Claims and Litigation

The attorney for Horizon estimates that potential claims against Horizon resulting from litigation would not materially affect the financial statements.

4. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items (Continued)

B. Risk Management

Horizon is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts and errors and omissions or natural disasters. To cover these risks, Horizon is a member of the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust (MCIT), a public entity risk pool. Horizon retains the risk for the deductible portions of its insurance policies. The amounts of these deductibles are considered immaterial to the financial statements. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year or settlements that exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

C. Subsequent Event

Three county public health departments (Pope County Public Health, Douglas County Public Health, and Stevens Traverse Grant Public Health) will form the Horizon Public Health organization, and Pope County will no longer be Horizon's fiscal agent. A joint powers agreement between the five partner counties was signed and is effective January 1, 2015.

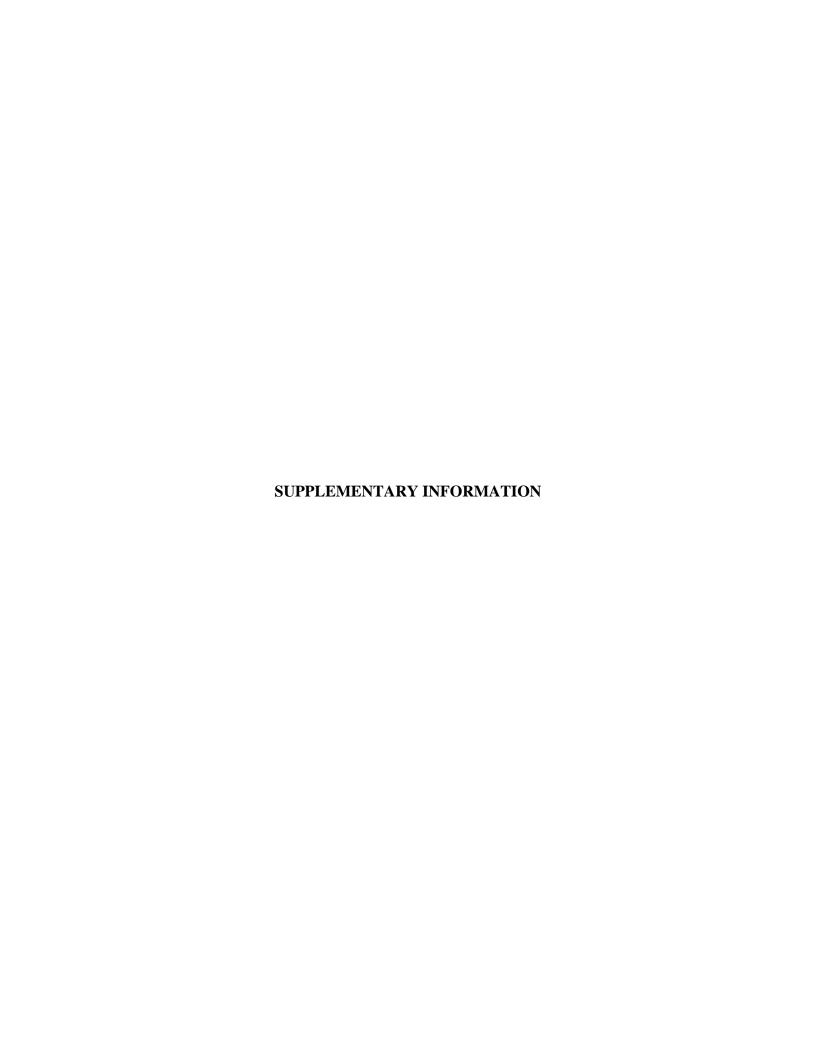




EXHIBIT A-1

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Reimbursement for Services		
State		
Minnesota Department of Human Services	<u>\$</u>	70,212
Grants		
State		
Minnesota Department of		
Health	\$	883,368
Human Services		70,212
Total state	\$	953,580
Federal		
Department of		
Agriculture	\$	332,826
Transportation		7,069
Education		11,442
Health and Human Services		286,849
Total federal	<u>\$</u>	638,186
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	1,661,978

EXHIBIT A-2

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency	Federal CFDA		
Grant Program Title	Number	Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health			
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	\$	332,826
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	\$	7,069
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health			
Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families	84.181	\$	11,442
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health			
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	\$	95,248
Universal Newborn Hearing Screening	93.251		300
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268		5,650
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations and Technical Assistance	93.283		150
Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information System (EHDI-IS)			
Surveillance Program	93.314		75
PPHF National Public Health Improvement Initiative	93.507		2,000
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558		114,810
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994		68,616
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		\$	286,849
Total Federal Awards		\$	638,186

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. Reporting Entity

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activities of federal award programs expended by Horizon Community Health Board (Horizon). Horizon's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements.

2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Horizon Community Health Board under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2014. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Horizon Community Health Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of Horizon.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through grant numbers were not assigned by the pass-through agencies.

HORIZON COMMUNITY HEALTH SERVICES GLENWOOD, MINNESOTA

4. Subrecipients

Of the expenditures presented in the schedule, Horizon Community Health Board provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

CFDA		Amount Provided	
Number	Program Name	to Subrecipients	
10.557	Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	\$	328,289
20.600	State and Community Highway Safety	Ψ	7.069
84.181	Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families		11,442
93.069	Public Health Emergency Preparedness		90,465
93.251	Universal Newborn Hearing Screening		300
93.268	Immunization Cooperative Agreements		5,650
93.283	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations		
	and Technical Assistance		150
93.314	Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Information		
	System (EHDI-IS) Surveillance Program		75
93.558	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families		111,825
93.994	Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States		67,320
	Total	\$	622,585



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: **Unmodified**

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weaknesses identified? **No**
- Significant deficiencies identified? Yes

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weaknesses identified? **No**
- Significant deficiencies identified? Yes

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: **Unmodified**

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? **Yes**

The major program is:

Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children

CFDA #10.557

The threshold for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$300,000.

Horizon Community Health Board qualified as a low-risk auditee? Yes

II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INTERNAL CONTROL

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

Finding 2006-001

Segregation of Duties

Criteria: A good system of internal control provides for an adequate segregation of duties so that no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to completion.

Condition: Horizon has one person who is responsible for billing, collecting, recording, and depositing receipts.

Context: Due to the limited number of personnel within Horizon, segregation of the accounting functions necessary to ensure adequate internal accounting control is not possible. This is not unusual in operations the size of Horizon; however, Horizon's management should constantly be aware of this condition and realize that the concentration of duties and responsibilities in a limited number of individuals is not desirable from an accounting point of view.

Effect: Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect Horizon's ability to detect misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements in a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Cause: Horizon has informed us that it does not have the economic resources needed to hire additional qualified accounting staff in order to adequately segregate duties.

Recommendation: We recommend Horizon's Board and management be aware of the lack of segregation of the accounting functions and, where possible, implement oversight procedures to ensure the internal control policies and procedures are being implemented by staff to the extent possible.

<u>Client's Response</u>:

The Horizon Public Health Board and Horizon Public Health Management will continue to be aware of the inherent risks limited staffing creates relative to safeguarding the agency's assets and the reporting of financial activity. Horizon Management will segregate accounting functions whenever possible and will closely supervise those areas where proper segregation of duties cannot be achieved.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM RESOLVED

Documenting and Monitoring Internal Controls (2008-001)

A formal risk assessment of existing controls over significant functions used to produce financial information had not been completed.

Resolution

A formal risk assessment was completed and documented by the Community Health Board in December 2014.

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

ITEM ARISING THIS YEAR

Finding 2014-001

Reporting

Program: U.S. Department of Agriculture's Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (CFDA No. 10.557)

Pass-Through Agency: Minnesota Department of Health

Criteria: Standard internal control procedures should include a review and approval process to ensure reports submitted to the State of Minnesota are accurate and meet reporting requirements.

Condition: During our testing of controls over reporting, we noted that, during the last half of 2014, financial reports were being prepared and submitted by a supervisory-level individual, but there was a lack of review by an additional supervisory-level individual independent of the one preparing the reports.

Questioned Costs: None.

Context: Because of the lack of evidence that program reports were reviewed by a supervisory-level individual other than the one preparing the reports during the second half of the year, we selected an additional report to perform a more detailed examination to ensure the data reported was accurate and complete. No discrepancies with supporting documentation were found with any of the reports selected for testing.

Effect: The lack of supervisory review of reports increases the risk that reports submitted will not be correct.

Cause: Horizon informed us that, during 2014, it was in the process of transitioning from a joint Community Health Board with Pope County acting as its fiscal agent into its own independent entity as a public health organization. Staff employed by Pope County who assisted with Horizon Community Health Board were transitioned into other County departments during the last half of the year.

Recommendation: Although the monthly reports submitted to the Minnesota Department of Health were prepared by a supervisory-level individual, we recommend Horizon document additional review of these reports by someone independent of the preparer to ensure they are accurate and meet reporting requirements.

Corrective Action Plan:

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Sandra Tubbs, Horizon Public Health Administrator

Corrective Action Planned:

Horizon accounting staff will prepare the monthly grant reports and submit them to a designated Horizon Supervisory staff for review. The designated Supervisory staff will review the prepared monthly grant reports for accuracy and for conformance with expenditure guidelines and reporting requirements. The designated Supervisory staff will approve submission of the reports and will document review and submission dates.

Anticipated Completion Date:

Corrective action plan will be implemented for all reports submitted on or after September 1, 2015, and will be ongoing.

IV. OTHER ITEM FOR CONSIDERATION

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the independent organization that establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for state and local governments. Effective for Horizon Public Health's calendar year 2015 financial statements, the GASB changed those standards as they apply to employers that provide pension benefits.

GASB Statement 68 significantly changes pension accounting and financial reporting for governmental employers that prepare financial statements on the accrual basis by separating pension accounting methodology from pension funding methodology. Statement 68 requires employers to include a portion of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) total employers' unfunded liability, called the "net pension liability" on the face of Horizon's government-wide statement of financial position. Horizon's financial position will be immediately impacted by its unfunded share of the pension liability.

In 2015, the new entity, Horizon Public Health, will have employees and will be required to pay employer contributions to PERA. Under Statement 68, the amount employers report as pension expense requires pension costs to be calculated by an actuary. Certain deferred outflows or inflows of resources, footnote disclosures, and required supplementary information schedules are also required by Statement 68.

The net pension liability that will be reported in Horizon Public Health's financial statements is an accounting estimate of the proportionate share of PERA's unfunded liability at a specific point in time. That number will change from year to year and is based on assumptions about the probability of the occurrence of events far into the future. Those assumptions include how long people will live, how long they will continue to work, projected salary increases, and how well pension trust investments will do. PERA has been proactive in taking steps toward implementation and will be providing most of the information needed by employers to report the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources.





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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Public Health Board Horizon Public Health Alexandria, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of Horizon Community Health Board (Horizon) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Horizon's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 23, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Horizon Community Health Board's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Horizon's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Horizon's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of Horizon's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2006-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Horizon Community Health Board's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, contains six categories of compliance to be tested in connection with the audit of Horizon's financial statements: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions. Our audit considered all of the listed categories, except that we did not test for compliance with the provisions for contracting and bidding and public indebtedness because Horizon did no contracting in 2014 and has no debt.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Horizon Community Health Board failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding Horizon's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

Other Matters

Also included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs is an other item for consideration. We believe this information to be of benefit to Horizon, and it is reported for that purpose.

Horizon Public Health's Response to Findings

Horizon Public Health's response to the internal control finding identified in our audit has been included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Horizon's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting, compliance, and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Horizon's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Horizon's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 23, 2015





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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Public Health Board Horizon Public Health Alexandria, Minnesota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Horizon Community Health Board's (Horizon) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Horizon's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2014. Horizon Community Health Board's major federal program is identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Horizon Community Health Board's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Horizon Community Health Board's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Horizon's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Horizon Community Health Board complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Horizon Community Health Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Horizon's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Horizon's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified a deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2014-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Horizon Public Health's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as a Corrective Action Plan. Horizon's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 23, 2015